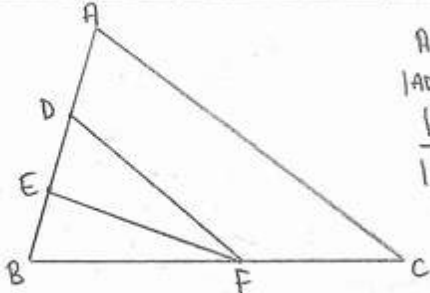
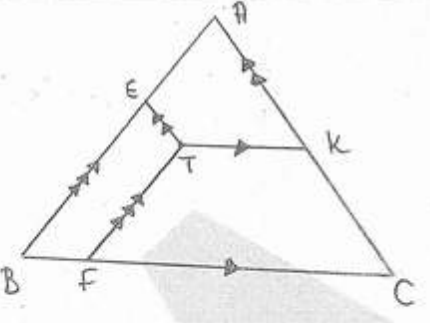
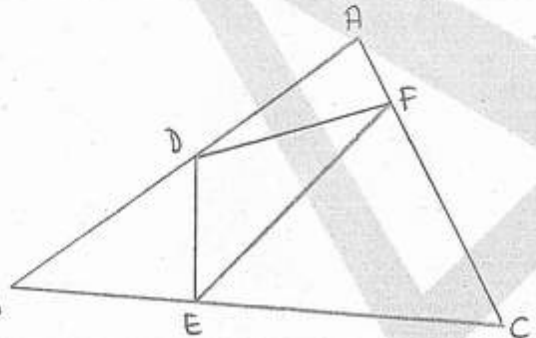
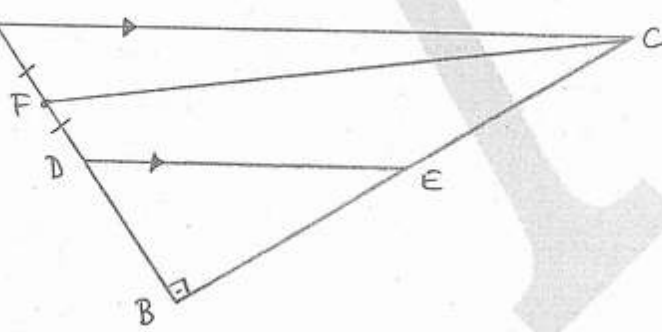
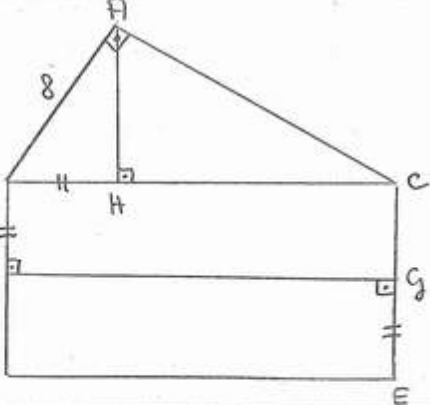
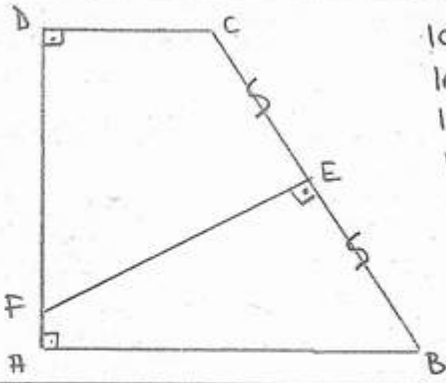


10	Ad Soyad	No	ARNAVUTKÖY KORKMAZ YİĞİT ANADOLU LİSESİ 2007-2008 EĞİTİM VE ÖĞRETİM YILI II. DÖNEM I. GEOMETRİ I YAZILISI	
1 10 puan			$A(\triangle FDE) = 3$ $ AD = DE = EB $ $\frac{ BF }{ FC } = \frac{4}{3} \rightarrow A(\triangle ABC) = ?$	
2 10 puan			$\triangle ABC \text{ eşkenar}$ $ ET = 3$ $ TF = 5$ $[ET] \parallel [AC]$ $[TK] \parallel [BC]$ $[TF] \parallel [AB]$ $A(\triangle ABC) = \frac{225\sqrt{3}}{4} \rightarrow TK = ?$	
3 10 puan			$ AD = DB $ $ CE = 2 BE $ $ CF = 3 AF $ $A(\triangle DEF) = 15$ \downarrow $A(\triangle ABC) = ?$	
4 10 puan			$ EC = 4$ $ AB = 8$ $[AC] \parallel [DE]$ $ AF = FD $ $A(\triangle AFC) = ?$	
5 10 puan			$BDCE \text{ dikdörtgen}$ $ BH = BF = GE $ $A(BDCE) = ?$	

6

10 puan



$$\begin{aligned} |CE| &= |EB| \\ |AB| &= 12 \\ |DC| &= 5 \\ |AD| &= 17 \\ \downarrow \\ |AF| &= ? \end{aligned}$$

7

10 puan

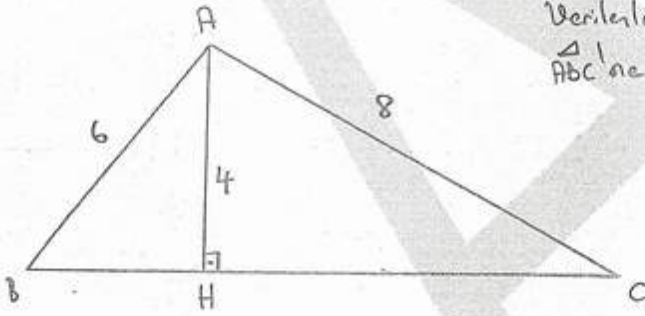
Kenar uzunlukları a, b, c olan bir üçgende; h_a, h_b ve h_c sırasıyla kenarlara ait yüksekliklerdir.

$$\left| \frac{1}{h_a} - \frac{1}{h_b} \right| < \frac{1}{h_c}$$

olduğunu gösterin.

8

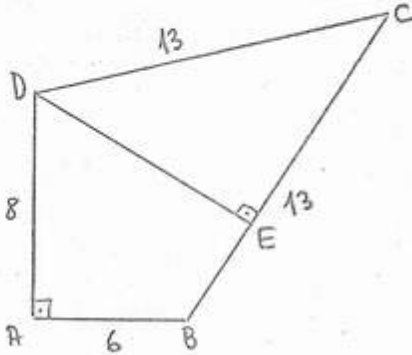
10 puan



Verilere göre,
 $\triangle ABC$ 'ne ait çevrel çemberin yarıçapını bulun.

9

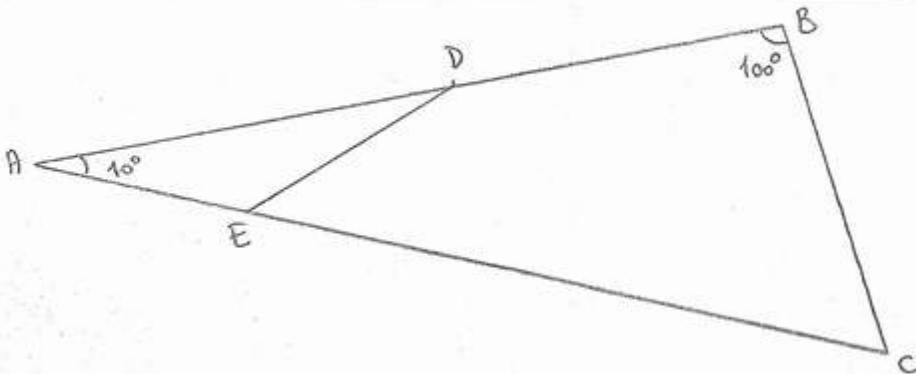
10 puan



$$\begin{aligned} |DC| &= 13 \\ |BC| &= 8 \\ |AD| &= 8 \\ |AB| &= 6 \\ \downarrow \\ |DE| &= ? \end{aligned}$$

10

10 puan



$$\begin{aligned} |ED| &= |OB| = |BC| \\ m(\angle EDB) &= ? \end{aligned}$$